

# Safety Data Sheet DCI-4A

## 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: DCI-4A
Material uses	: Petrochemical industry: Petrochemicals. Fuel additive. Corrosion inhibitor.
Internal code	: 10151
System code	: 10151
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/23/2024
Date of previous issue	: 5/14/2021
Version	: 1.08
Supplier	: Innospec Fuel Specialties LLC 8310 South Valley Highway Suite 350 Englewood CO, 80112 USA
Information contact	: 1-800-441-9547
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsinfo@innospecinc.com
NON-emergency enquiries	: corporatecommunications@innospecinc.com
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#### **Emergency telephone number**

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 hour / 7 day emergency information for our product is provided by the CHEMTREC® Emergency Call Center based in the USA

Country information	: Emergency telephone number
USA, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands	: +1 800 424 9300
In case of difficulties, or for ships at sea	: +1 703 527 3887

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network

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The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1.

Other local contact numbers for specific language support in Asia Pacific are listed in Section 16

Country information	;	<b>Emergency telephone number</b>	Location
Brazil	:	+55 11 3197 5891	Brazil
Mexico	:	+52 555 004 8763	Mexico
Europe ( all countries ) Middle East, Africa ( French, Portuguese, English )	:	+44 (0) 1235 239 670	London, UK
Middle East, Africa ( Arabic, French, English , Portuguese, Farsi)	:	+44 (0) 1235 239 671	London, UK
Asia Pacific ( all countries except China )	;	+65 3158 1074	Singapore

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# 1. Product and company identification

China

400 120 6011

Beijing China

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H315 + H320 - Causes skin and eye irritation.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statement	t <u>s</u>
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves: &gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
Target organs	: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Xylene	15 - 30	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	5 - 9.99	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. **Additional information** 

# There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Remove dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
See toxicological information	on (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/23/2024 4/14

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

Special protective actions for fire-fighters		Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: >34°C (>93.2°F) [ASTM D93 (B)]

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	entainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.
	Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Xylene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-
	isomers)]
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes]
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [xylene]
	STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	C: 300 ppm
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures
	containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0 times per shift, 10 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	UAL USHA FEL (UIIILEU SIALES, 3/2010).

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 22 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: splash goggles			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. &gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®         <ul> <li>4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapor filter (Type A)			

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	1	Brown. [Dark]
Odor	1	Aromatic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Lowest known value: 136.05°C (276.9°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 192.3°C (378.1°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: >34°C (>93.2°F) [ASTM D93 (B)]
Evaporation rate	1	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.78compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Greatest known range: Lower: 1% Upper: 7% (xylene)
Vapor pressure	1	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.26 kPa (1.95 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)
Density	1	0.95 g/cm³ [15°C (59°F)]
Specific gravity	1	0.952
Solubility		
Media		Result
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 431.85 to 459.85°C (809.3 to 859.7°F) (ethylbenzene).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (room temperature): 162 mm²/s (162 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 56 mm²/s (56 cSt)
Pour point	:	<-39°C
Explosive properties	1	Not available.

Aerosol product

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
DCI-4A	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	>16000 mg/kg
Xylene	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	4320 mg/kg
		Rat	LD50 Oral	4300 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	-	Mouse	LC50 Inhalation	35500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			Vapor	
		Rabbit	LC50 Inhalation	4000 ppm
			Vapor	
		Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>5000 mg/kg

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Xylene	-		Eyes - Severe - irritant
			Skin - Mild - irritant
			Skin - Moderate   - irritant
ethylbenzene	-		Eyes - Severe - irritant
			Skin - Mild - irritant

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

**Classification** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
		Innation
	·	·
Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Category 2	-	-
		exposure

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Xylene	Acute LC50 3.3 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC <1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 6800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

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Section 12. Ecological information			
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene ethylbenzene	3.12 to 3.2 3.1	8.1 to 25.9 -	Low Low

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1307	UN1307	UN1307
UN proper shipping name	Xylenes solution RQ (xylene, ethylbenzene)	XYLENES solution	Xylenes solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 500 lbs / 227 kg [63.123 gal / 238.95 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 60 L. Cargo aircraft: 220 L. Special provisions B1, IB3,	Emergency schedules F-E, S- D Special provisions 223	

material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

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Section 14. Transport information			
	T2, TP1		

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; toluene

**Clean Air Act Section 112** : Listed (b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

#### SARA 302/304

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%	
Form R - Reporting requirements	xylene ethylbenzene	1330-20-7 100-41-4	15 - 30 4.99 - 9.99	
Supplier notification	xylene ethylbenzene	1330-20-7 100-41-4	15 - 30 4.99 - 9.99	

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: XYLENE
New York	: The following components are listed: Xylene mixed
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: XYLENES
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BENZENE, DIMETHYL-
California Prop. 65	: <b>WARNING</b> : This product can expose you to chemicals including ethylbenzene and cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Contains : ppm (or %)
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.			4.99 - 9.99
cumene	Yes.	No.			≤1000ppm
toluene	No.	Yes.		Yes.	≤1000ppm

<u>Hational involtory</u>		
Australia inventory (AIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.	
China inventory (IECSC)	All components are listed or exempted.	
EU REACH Status	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this materia	ıl.
Japan inventory	All components are listed or exempted.	
Korea REACH Status	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this materia	ıl.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	All components are listed or exempted.	
Taiwan REACH Status	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this materia	ıl.
Turkey REACH Status	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this materia	ıl.
UK REACH Status	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this materia	ıl.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	All components are listed or exempted.	

Our REACH registrations DO NOT cover the following:

1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and

2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our registrations Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:

- Their own registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or

- In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available.

Not to be used for hydraulic fracking applications

# Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

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# Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

Date of printing	: 2024-04-23	
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Version	: 1.08	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	Ð

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.